

Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser

NUMBER 1314.]

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 24, 1796.

[VOLUME X.]

For NORFOLK,

The Brig SIX BROTHERS, John Needham, master; will sail in 6 or 8 days—For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to

Joseph Anthony & Co.

Nov. 21. The Captain has a few barrels of Rum and Oil on board for sale.

For Freight or Charter,

To Europe or the W. Indies,

The new Brig FAIR AMERICAN, Richard Calley, Master, and is now ready to receive a cargo:—apply to the Captain on board, first wharf above the Still-House, Southwark, or to

Isaac Harvey, jun.

Who has now for sale, at his store, No. 5, South Water-street,

A quantity of Cayenne and Trinidad Cotton Spanish Soil Leather And a parcel of Carolina Rice, in whole and half tierces. 17th mo. 11th. d2w

BARTER.

For Sale, a good strong built ship, burthen 1350 barrels, nearly new, well found and can be put to sea at a small expence. Payment will be received in English or India goods, or if more agreeable to the purchaser, 3, 6, and 9 months credit would be given on approved notes, for further particulars enquire at No. 8, South Water-street, or No. 29 North Third-street. November 16. d7t

For Madeira,

The ship Concord,

Capt. John Thomson. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

Peter Blight;

Who has for sale, a quantity of

Brandy, in pipes
Whiting and Copperas, in hogheads
Old Hock, in casks
Dutch Cream-Cheese, in boxes
Window Glass
Empty Gin-Cases
Glass Ware, in boxes
Painters' Colours, ground in oil
Sweet Oil, in casks of a dozen bottles each
Hazelnuts, in fasks.

November 11. d1m

Wanted to Charter,

A fast-sailing Vessel,

That will carry 5 or 600 barrels; to load immediately for the West Indies. Apply to

Peter Blight.

November 10. d1x

FOR LONDON,

The capital ship CERES,

To sail soon:—For freight or passage apply to DAVY, ROBERTS & Co. or

John Vaughan,

Front-street. September 10.

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP MARY,

SAMUEL PARKER, MASTER,

Two hundred tons burthen. Apply to JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co. If the MARY is not sold in a few days, she will take freight for Hamburg. Apply as above. October 31. d

Just arrived, and will this day be landed from on board the brig FAVORITE at Chesnut street wharf.
25 Tons best Russia Clean HEMP,
36 Tons of Sable flat IRON,
200 Coils best Russia CORDAGE, assorted sizes,
100 Pieces brown Russia SHEETINGS,
100 Bols Russia DUCK,
100 Pieces Ravens do.
20 Half-down feather beds, and
A few pieces assorted DIAPER.

FOR SALE BY

Joseph Anthony and Co.

The above mentioned BRIG will fill in a few days, and take freight on moderate terms for Boston or Salem, for which or passage, apply on board or at above. October 31. d7t

For Charter,

The ship JOHN BULKLEY,

AYRES STOCKLEY, MASTER.

An excellent live-oak and cedar-built ship, of about 3000 barrels burthen—Apply to

Jesse & Robert Wain.

Nov. d.

For London,

The ship William Penn,

James Josiah, master. Will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, or to

Jesse and Robert Wain.

November 10, 1796.

For Lisbon,

The Danish barque BENEVENTURA,

SAMUEL STUBB, MASTER,

A good vessel of about two hundred tons burthen. For freight or passage apply to

Jesse & Robert Wain.

Nov. 7. d7t

For Liverpool,

The ship DOMINICK TERRI,

JACOB DEHART, MASTER.

Has a part of her cargo engaged. For freight or passage apply to the master on board, at the wharf of the subscribers, or,

Jesse & Robert Wain.

Nov. 7. d

For Sale or Charter,

The Brig Lady Washington,

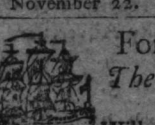
Built in New-England in 1790, and completely repaired the present year; she is 133 tons burthen; has stowed 515 hds. of feed, and 14,000 M. flaves, and is now in good order to perform an European voyage with little expence. For particulars and terms of payment apply to the master on board, or to

Samuel Coates,

No. 22, South Front-street.

Also, on board said vessel, for sale,

Forty hogheads Newbury RUM.



For Sligo and Killibegs,

The American Ship NANCY,

Cuthbert Riggs, master.

Will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to

William Bell;

Who has for sale,

4 Trunks Printed Cottons, well assorted
3 Bales Irish Flannels, and 2 boxes Linens
25 Pipes Brandy
Madeira Wine; Indigo. Russia Mats.
Also,
A few barrels Prime IRISH BEEF, PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

For Sale, or Charter,

The ship DIANA,

SAMUEL PILE, MASTER,

Burthen 205 47-95 tons register, built in Philadelphia in the year 1792, of live oak and red cedar, and was sheathed 13 months ago, she has just had a complete out-fit, and may be sent to sea at a very trifling expence.

For terms apply to

Philip Nicklin & Co.

Who have for sale on board said vessel,

27 casks of fine yellow paint.
9 boxes and 12 bundles of writing slates.
1 Box ink stands and note presses.
14 bales of sail canvas.

And on hand,

Imperial
Hylon, and, } TEAS.
Souchong
40,000 pieces Nankeens of the first quality.
19 tubs Quicksilver.
2 chests Bandanna handkerchiefs.
A few chests Manchester goods well assorted in Corduroys, thickets, Gingham, Mullinets, Dimities, &c.
3 boxes black sewing silk.
180 crates Queens ware well assorted.
10 tons sheet lead.
Nails assorted, flat and sharp points.
London Particulars, }
New-York Market, } Madeira Wine in pipes
40 pipes and 10 hogheads. Tenerife wine, } and hogheads.
3 tierces Snake Root.
200 lbs Mahogany.

Imported in the late arrivals from Europe and the West Indies.

Holland Gin, in pipes

Choice St. Croix Sugar and Rum
Martinique Molasses, in hogheads
Choice old Lisbon White, in pipes and quarter-casks
London Particular and London Market Madeira Wine, in pipes, half-pipes and quarter-casks
Malmsey Madeira Wine, in pipes and quarter-casks
Tenerife Wine, in pipes
Russia & Flemish Sheetings and Ravens Duck, in cases
Window Glass, 8 by 12, in boxes
Coffee Mills and Straw Knives, in casks
Mill Saws and Cross-cut Saws, in boxes
Also, on hand,
A few chests of Bohea Tea; Jesuits Bark; Assafoetida and Tapioca; and a few bales of Coffees, Baffas, Curralls, Bandanna and Mullin Handkerchiefs, and a complete assortment of 5-4 and 6-4 Baulking Cloths.

For Sale by

Pragers & Co.

October 20. d2w&thm

Irish Linens, &c.

Imported per the ships Glasgow, from Dublin, Liberty, from Cork, and brig Mentor, from Belfast,

4-4 and 7-8 Wide IRISH LINENS,

In whole and half boxes, Assorted from 11d. to 4s. sterling—Also 5-4 wide Sheetings, and low priced yarn and worked Hosiery.

On Hand,

7-8 Wide Lawns,

Diapers and Table-Cloths

A few boxes Tickens and Checks

A few bales Flannels

Cork and Belfast Sail Cloth, Nos. 1 and 6

45 Boxes } Window Glass, { 6 by 8,
10 Ditto } { 7 by 9,
5 Ditto } { 8 by 10.

The above mentioned Goods are all entitled to the drawback, and will be disposed of by the package on reasonable terms.

James, Clibborn & English,

No. 6, N. Front-street.

10th mo. 19th. d7t

O L D

London Particular Madeira Wine,

In pipes, hogheads and quarter-casks, Landing this day at Chesnut-street Wharf, and for sale by

Joseph Anthony & Co.

Nov. 1. d

THE Partnership of JONATHAN HARVEY & Co. being this day Dissolved by mutual consent, those indebted to said firm are requested to make speedy payment to Jonathan Harvey, who is authorized to receive the same, and those who have any demands will please to bring in their accounts to him for settlement.

The Business will be Continued

By Jonathan Harvey,

AT HIS STORE NO. 106, S. FRONT-STREET, Where he has for Sale,
A general assortment of DRY GOODS.

November 10, 1796. d7m

To be Rented,

A complete Coach-House,

With stabling for four horses; situated near the University, with a passage into Market-street—apply, for terms, at No. 49, South Front-street.

Nov. 23.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

Price 37 1-2 Cents.

The Pretensions of Thomas Jefferson to the Presidency,

EXAMINED,

And the Charges against John Adams

REFUTED.

Addressed to the Citizens of America in general, and, particularly,

To the Electors of the President.

Sold by

W. YOUNG, MILLS & SON, Corner of Second and Chestnut-streets.

November 5.

FOR SALE,

A valuable PLANTATION,

IN Frederick County, Virginia, bounding nearly three miles on the river Shenandoah, between Ashby's Gap and Snicker's Ferry; 66 miles from Alexandria, and the like distance from the Federal City. It contains 1976 acres, 600 of which are cleared, the residue finely timbered; the whole Limestone or River Bottom; abounding in fine streams and springs; above 80 acres on the bank of the river may be watered at pleasure. It is capable of being divided into Lots of 100 acres, with water in each, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing or culture. Its situation for Health or elegant improvement is not to be surpassed in any inland country, and if deemed too large for one Farm, may be divided into two or three smaller ones, uniting in common advantages. There is now erected on the Estate a good Merchant-Mill, with two pair of stones (on a large limestone spring) that runs for 400 dollars per ann. and on another never failing spring a good Saw Mill, with a flatter wheel; there is plenty of pine timber in the neighboring mountain, and a stream sufficient for another Mill with four pair of stones—these are adjacent to or immediately on the banks of the river, the navigation whereof is about being opened into the Potomac and for more than 100 miles above the mills. The other improvements on the Estate are a new commodious Barn, the loft of which is capable of containing 1500 bushels; the threshing-floor is 47 feet square, well plank'd; another (double) Log Barn, with sheds all around; a Distillery, with three large Stills, and a Ganary above that will contain 500 bushels, well covered with shingles, and a stream of water, conducted by troughs, running thro' it; at a small distance is a large Cow-House and Stable, with stalls for 22 cows, paved with Stone in the European manner, with room for above 40 wagon loads of hay; a little further is a strong stone-walled Spring-House, completely fitted for a Dairy. The whole of these Mills and Buildings are at a proper distance from each other, and from the Dwelling, which consists of three commodious Fram-Buildings, with the necessary conveniences. A well enclosed Garden of the finest soil, with a stream of water running thro' it; two large Apple Orchards; several good Quarries for building and lime stone; a number of Out-Houses for Manure, Blacksmith, Cooper, and tool-rooms for Men of Colour;—add greatly to the conveniences and value of this Estate.

The Purchaser, on paying one half the price agreed for, may be accommodated with a considerable credit for the remainder, and with the Cattle, Horses, Waggon, Farming Utensils, and Furniture, at a reasonable valuation. For other particulars, application may be made to the subscriber on the Estate, to Thomas Fitzsimons in Philadelphia, or Matthias Slough, Lancaster.

J. HOLKER.

Springbury, 18th October, 1796.—119. 12w6

This Day will be Landed,

From on board the brig Dispatch, Captain P. Bruin, from Malaga, at Morris's wharf, just above the Drawbridge,

FRESH FRUITS, viz.

Raisins, in kegs, boxes and baskets
Figs in kegs
Prunes in boxes
Grapes in jars
Olives in ditto
Lemons in chests
Anchovies in kegs
Almonds, soft shelled, in fasks
Also,
Brandy in butts
Sweet Mountain Wine in quarter-casks—&c.

For Sale by

Peter Kuhn.

November 17. 56

SALT PETRE.

A large quantity of Double-Refined Salt Petre for sale at No. 25, South Third-street.

November 5.

Best Bolton & Nova-Scotia Mackarel, Excellent Halifax Salmon in bbls.

47 bbls. prime Coffee,
Best Boston Beef,
Codfish in hds.
Spermaceti Candles,
Spermaceti, and } OIL.
Northern
Mould and dipt, tallow candles, of a superior quality.

A few boxes excellent brown soap,
6 Bales of Corks,
40 Pipes excellent Lisbon Wine.
A few fasks of Feathers,
A few bales India Mullins.

FOR SALE BY

JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.

October 31. d

Philadelphia, November 6, 1796.
ALL persons desirous to contract for furnishing of Rations and Quarter-Masters stores, for the troops in Philadelphia or Fort-Mifflin, on Mud Island, during the year 1797—are requested to send their proposals sealed, on or before the first day of December next, to

TENCH FRANCIS, Purveyor.

The component parts of the Rations, are
1 pound of Flour or Bread
1 pound of Beef or 3-4 of a pound of Pork
1-2 a gill of Rum, Brandy or Whiskey
2 quart of Salt
2 quarts of Vinegar
2 pounds of Soap
1 pound of Candles

For 100 Rations

Nov. 9

The brig West-Indian's Cargo

Will be Landed on Monday morning,

The 21st instant.

At South-street Wharf,

From the North side of Jamaica.

120 Hogheads and one barrel Coffee

13 Hogheads of Sugar

105 Hogheads high proof Rum.

For Sale by

PETER BLIGHT.

November 19. 5x

For Sale,

By Jehu Hallingworth, & Co.

25 hds. West-India Rum, 3d and 4th proof,
5 Barrels best Indigo, and,
A few thousand bullocks of Turk's Island salt.

Oct. 17. d.

Just Landing,

And for Sale, a quantity of

BOURDEAUX BRANDY,

FROM on board the schooner Lydia & Polly, Oliver Jenkins master, lying at Wilcock's wharf. For terms, enquire on board said schooner.

November 15th. 51w

For Sale,

A Three-story BRICK HOUSE and Lot, in Chesnut street, between Front and Second streets, in which Messrs. James Calbraith & Co. have for many years (and now do) carried on business.

Possession will be given in one month, or sooner. For terms apply to WILLIAM BEIL, or HECTOR CALBRAITH.

April 21.

Just Landing,

At South-street-wharf, from on board the ship Sedgely, Captain Hodge, from St. Petersburg,

The following Goods:

Russia Sail Duck, first quality.
Do. Sheetings do.
Do. Diaper.
Do. Hucksback.
Do. Crash.
Do. Mould Candles, 4, 5 and 6, to the lb. of the English size.
Do. White Candle Tallow.
Do. White Soap in small boxes.
Do. Cordage of fine yarn.
Ravens Duck.
Hinglase, 1st and 2nd sort.
Horse Hair uncurled.
Russia Bar Iron.
Do. Hoop Iron.
Do. Nail Rods.
10 Tons Oakum and Junk.
St. Petersburg Clean Hemp.

For Sale by

Philips, Crumond, & Co.

October 12. 52

FASHIONABLE WAISTCOATING.

GEORGE DOBSON, No. 25,

SOUTH THIRD-STREET,

Has received per the Diana, from London, Clouded and striped Spanish Swansdown Clouded Erminats and Molefisks Striped do. and do. Figured Manillas Scarlet figured Erminets Printed Flannels Do. Cassimets and Cassimeres Superfine printed Quiltings, newest patterns Also, per different arrivals,

A large and general assortment of Dry Goods,

Suitable to the present and approaching season.

November 5. d7f

LANDING,

Out of different vessels from England, and for sale by the subscribers on reasonable terms,

Superfine and common cloths, and cassimere Ribbed and striped do. do. Blankets, mottled green and silk rugs. Superfine blue, Claret, and common coatings, Kerseys, Bear-skins, plains and Halfskins, Swankins, Serges and Flannels, British Ingrain Carpeting, Hats assorted in cases of 12 doz. each. Chocolate chintzes, printed Calicoes and Handkerchiefs, Scarlet Cardinals, and Scarlet Small, Yarn, Worsted, and Cotton hosiery, Beavers, Thickfells, Velyets, Corduroys, &c. &c. Buff and drab Genoa Cords of a superior quality. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. nails, and frying pans. An assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery and a variety of India cotton, and silk goods.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

No. 5, Dock-street.

Also by the Glasgow from Dublin, 1-3 and 4-4 Irish Linens assorted in boxes of 30 pieces. do. Brown, Glazed Linen.

Oct. 17. d7f

For Sale,

By J. WARDER, PARKER & Co.

An Invoice of Cordage,

Consisting of different sizes, from 1 1/2 inch cables down to rope of 2 inches, of different lengths: Imported in the ship Swift, from Hull, and entitled to drawback.

Sept. 27. d7f

FOR SALE,

A few hogheads of choice New-England RUM, A number of barrels of BEEF, and PORK, And a few kegs of LARD, of a superior quality.

Enquire at No. 71, north Water-street. November 8, 1796. d7f

10 hogheads St. Croix Rum, 5 Pipes Vinegar, For Sale, by

Ezekiel Hall,

No. 20, Penn Street.

Nov. 7. d7f

For Sale.

7 cases coarse hats
Copper bottoms and sheets
Shot, all sizes, patent and common
Sheet and barr lead
English shoes and boots in cases
Tin plates
Gold watches
Taunton ale in casks.
Apply to
Simon Walker,
124, So. Fourth Street.
Nov. 8. d7f

THE CARGO
Of the *Pease Independent*,
Captain Cathcart, from Alicante and Lisbon, landing
at the subscribers' wharf—
28 Pipes of Brandy
18 Bales of Spanish wool
3 do. of Annited
For sale by
Sept. 13. WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

Washington Lottery.

TICKETS, warranted undrawn, may be purchased or
exchanged for prizes, at the Office, No. 147, Chestnut-
street, where a correct Numerical Book is kept for public
inspection. Also Canal Lottery Tickets for sale or ex-
changed for prizes drawn in the Washington Lottery, of
which the 40th and 41st days returns are received.
The Business of a Broker carried on as usual.
A SHARE in the NEW THEATRE to be sold
on reasonable terms.
November 24

Washington Lottery.

The 40th and 41st days drawing of the Washington
Lottery, No. 2, are received at the office No. 234, Mar-
ket-street, where tickets may be examined.
N. B. Information given where tickets in all the other
lotteries may be procured.
November 17, 1796

This Day Published,
By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chestnut-street
(Price 20 cents)
AUTHENTIC
OFFICIAL NOTES
From the Minister of the French Republic to the
Secretary of State of the United States
With a Replication to the said Note,
By the Secretary of State.
November 24

PROPOSALS.
By WILLIAM COBBETT, opposite Christ Church, Phila-
delphia, for publishing by subscription,
ADAMS'S
Defence of the American Constitutions.
CONDITIONS:
I. The work shall be printed on English wove-paper, page
page, from the best London Edition; of course it
will be comprised in three large octavo volumes.
II. For the three volumes, bound in boards, the price to
subscribers to be only four dollars, and to non-subscri-
bers, five dollars and a half.
III. The subscription shall remain open for ten days, and
if an encouraging number of subscribers are obtained in
that time, the publisher engages to have the work ready
for delivery in six weeks from the present date.
15th November, 1796.
N. B. Subscriptions are taken by the principal book-
sellers of Philadelphia and New York
The subscribers to the History of Jacobinism are re-
spectfully informed, that it will be ready for delivery
early next week.
Nov. 16.

Just Published,
By MATHEW CAREY, at No. 118, Market-street,
PART FIRST OF
AN ADDRESS
To the Electors of the President of the
United States,
First published in the Gazette of the United States, in
a series of papers under the signature of
"A FEDERALIST."
Containing some strictures on Mr. Adams's De-
fence of the American Constitutions, and on the
Essays of PHOCION, since published without their
signature, in a pamphlet entitled "The pretensions of
Thomas Jefferson to the Presidency examined, and the
charges against John Adams refuted."
Nov. 22.

W. Young, Mills, and Son.
Have for Sale, a large assortment of
PRINTING and WRITING PAPERS
Which will include 500 reams of fine demy wove print-
ing paper.
Imperial Super-Royal Folio and Quarto Post, gilt
Royal Small Folio Post, plain,
Medium Ditto gilt
Demy Blossom paper assorted
Thick post folio Translucent Folio Post
Ditto in 4to Sup. fine & common Foolscap
Extra large folio Post Marbled papers
Ditto 4to COARSE PAPERS.
Folio Post wove London brown assorted
Quarto ditto Hatters' paper
Folio wove post lined Stainers' paper
Quarto ditto do. Common brown
Ditto gilt do. Patent sheathing paper
Common size Folio Post Bonnet boards
Ditto quarto plain Bookbinders' boards.

Also,
A variety of other Stationary Articles:
Viz. Wedgwood and glass philosophical inkstands, well
assorted, pewter ink-stands of various sizes, round pewter
ink-stands, paper, brass and polished leather ink-stands for
the pocket, shining sand and sand boxes, pounce
and pounce boxes, ink and ink-powder, black leather and
red Morocco pocket books with and without instruments
of various sizes, counting-house and pocket pen-knives of
the best quality, ash-leaf tablet and memorandum books,
red and coloured wafers, common size office do. quills
from half a dollar to three dollars per hundred, black lead
pencils, mathematical instruments, &c. &c.
All sorts and sizes of blank-books ready made or made
to order, bank checks, blank bills of exchange, and notes
of hand executed in copper-plates, bills of lading, manifests,
seaman's articles and journals, &c. &c.
A well selected collection of miscellaneous books. Also,
of Greek, Latin, and English Classics, as are now in use
in the colleges and schools of the United States.
W. Young, Mills, and Son have just published in one
large volume 12 mo. Sheridan's Dictionary for the use
of schools, 150-100 dollars. Also the same work large
8vo. price three dollars.
Nov. 6.

Brokers Office, and
COMMISSION STORE.
No. 63 South Third street, opposite the national new Bank.
SAMUEL M. FRANCES and JOHN VAN REED,
have entered into co-partnership, under the firm of
FRANCES & VAN REED, in the business of Brokers,
Conveyancers and Commission merchants. They buy and
sell on commission every species of Stock, notes of hand,
bills of exchange, houses and lands, &c.
Money procured on deposits, &c. &c. all kinds of
writings in the conveying line, done with neatness and
dispatch; accounts adjusted, and books settled, in the
most correct manner. Constant attendance will be given.
They solicit a share of the public favor; they are deter-
mined to endeavour to deserve it.
N. B. The utmost secrecy observed.
SAMUEL M. FRANCES,
JOHN VAN REED,
Philad. August 27, 1796.

For the GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

PHOCION—No. XXV.

[Concluded from yesterday's Gazette]

THE pendulum is, however, admitted by Mr. Jef-
ferson to be liable to uncertainties, for which he of-
fers no remedies: How does it appear that these
uncertainties are not more important than the cau-
ses of errors, to which his attention has been di-
rected?

3d. "Machinery, says the report, p. 8. and a
power are necessary, which may exert a small, but
constant effort to renew the waste of motion, but
so that they shall neither retard nor accelerate the vi-
brations."

But it adds in the next page—"To estimate and
obviate this difficulty is the artist's province." What
is this, but to say that the standard of the United
States shall be the pendulum of some clock, made
by Mr. Leslie, or some other artist, thus discarding
at once all reliance upon the principles before ad-
vanced? The difficulty of ascertaining the center of
oscillation, (which he admits to be impossible, un-
less in a rod, of which the diameter is "infinitely
small") he thinks however can be obviated by Mr.
Leslie, the watch-maker.

Mr. Jefferson then proceeds to apply his stan-
dard.

1st. To measures of capacity. These he pro-
poses should be furnished with rectangular sides and
bottom, for which he gives the following reason:—
Cylindrical measures have the advantage of superior
strength; but square ones have the greater advan-
tage of enabling every one, who has a rule in his
pocket, to verify their contents, by measuring them."
Did it not occur to this profound mathematician,
that a man, with a rule in his pocket, could, as easily
measure the diameter and depth of a cylindrical
half-hushel as the sides and depth of a square box?

2d. To weights. The standard of weights is
proposed to be a definite portion of rain-water,
weighed always in the same temperature. "It will
be necessary, says he, to refer these weights to a de-
terminate mass of some substance, the specific gra-
vity of which is invariable: rain-water is such a
substance, and may be referred to every where, and
through all time." But the temperature is not defi-
ned; rain water is varied by several causes; dust,
insects, &c. will create a difference in its weight.
The French, in their late plan, have outdone Mr.
Jefferson; their standard is distilled water, ascer-
tained by a defined temperature.

3d. To coins. The report proposed to change
the value of the dollar, or rather to call the dollars
of the United States of a different value from the
current dollars. The effect of this system to which
he could not have adverted, would be to make the
debtors throughout the United States pay more for
all existing engagements than they had contracted
to pay, for he proposed to make an addition of five
grains of silver to the proper weight of the dollar,
without a proportional augmentation of its legal
value. The inconveniences of this plan were after-
wards judiciously pointed out in the report on the
mint by the late secretary of the treasury, whose sys-
tem was preferred and adopted by congress.

Notwithstanding the numerous defects and errors
in Mr. Jefferson's report, he seems to have been very
liberal in his extracts from pre-existing works. Al-
most the whole of that part of the report, which
relates to measures, is evidently copied from reports
of committees of the house of commons, which were
made in the years 1758 and 1759, which commit-
tees he states to have been assisted by able mathe-
maticians and artists: he subjoins, "that the cir-
cumstances under which these reports were made,
entitle them to be considered, as far as they go, as
the best written testimony of the standard weights
and measures existing in England, and as such would
be relied on by him."

After making such free use of these reports, and
stating all the varieties of measures in England, he
candidly confesses, "that he is not informed whe-
ther there have been any and what alterations of these
measures, by the laws of our states." Now, this
was certainly a very essential part of his duty; if,
instead of either hurrying his report, to make a dis-
play of prodigious industry and wonderful intuition,
or devoting his time to visionary speculations, or to
the altering and reforming of all his calculations,
to adapt them to the French project, he had sought
for the laws of the American states, relative to the
subject, he might have obtained much useful infor-
mation, on which congress would be enabled to
act; whereas, his report contained little that was
of any real utility, that congress, at the distance
of six years, have not derived the smallest advan-
tage from his labours. It is the more surprising
that he should have neglected this essential duty, be-
cause, on another occasion, when anxious to vindicate
some of the states from the reproach of having
violated the treaty with Great Britain, he was very
diligent in procuring every state law, record of
court, and document which might tend to support
his favorite doctrine.

We shall now take leave of Mr. Jefferson and
his pretensions, as a philosopher and politician.
The candid and unprejudiced, who have read with
attention the foregoing comments on his philoso-
phical and political works, and on his public con-
duct, must now be convinced, however they may
have hitherto been deceived by a plausible appear-
ance, and specious talents, or misled by designing
partisans, that the reputation he has acquired, has
not been bottomed on solid merit; that his abilities
have been more directed to the acquirement of li-
terary fame, than to the substantial good of his
country; that his philosophical opinions have been
wavering and capricious, often warped by the most
frivolous circumstances; that in his political con-
duct he has been timid, inconsistent and unsteady,
favouring measures of a factious and disorganizing
tendency; always leaning to those which would es-
tablish his popularity, however destructive of our
peace and tranquility; that his political principles
are sometimes whimsical and visionary, at others,
subversive of all regular and stable government;
that his writings have betrayed a disrespect for reli-
gion, and his partiality for the impious Paine, an en-
emy to christianity; that his advice, respecting the
Dutch company, and his open countenance of an
incendiary printer, and of the views of a faction,

manifest a want of due regard for national faith and
public credit; that his abhorrence of one foreign na-
tion, and enthusiastic devotion to another, have ex-
tinguished in him every germ of real national cha-
racter; and, in short, that his elevation to the
Presidency, must eventuate either in the debasement
of the American name, by a whimsical, inconsis-
tent and feeble administration, or in the prostration
of the United States at the feet of France, the sub-
version of our excellent constitution, and the conse-
quent destruction of our present prosperity.
PHOCION.

Philadelphia, November 24.

Latest Foreign Intelligence.

Extracts from Paris papers to the 14th of October
brought by the Dispatch from Havre-de-Grace,
translated for the American Daily Advertiser.

COLOGNE, October 3.

The following are the conditions of neutrality
concluded at Neuwied on the 30th ult. between the
French and Austrian Generals.

1. The city of Neuwied, the castle and its ap-
purtenances, cannot be occupied by any troops, ei-
ther French or Austrian.
2. The advanced posts of the respective corps
shall be removed from each other one hundred and
fifty paces, viz. The French to count from the
last house on the right side of the city, and the
Austrians from the last house to the left of the city
and from the fence of the Court Garden.
3. In virtue of the present treaty, the French
troops shall not attack the city, nor the Austrian
generals construct offensive or defensive works, which
may damage the bridge on the Rhine.
4. There shall be a French and an Austrian of-
ficer established in the city, charged to answer for the
infringement of this article.
5. The line of centres in the plain, will be ruled
according to military law, and in a manner compa-
tible with the position of the two corps of troops.
6. All the fortification works constructed in the
city, shall be razed under the inspection of the ma-
gistrate.
7. To avoid all species of misunderstanding, it
is mutually agreed, that no soldier, either French
or Austrian, shall enter into the city, without an
express permission from his chief. The established
officers at Neuwied will take care to have this ar-
ticle executed. A duplicate of the present treaty
has been delivered to the magistrate of Neuwied.

PARIS, October 10.

The Dunkirk floating battery has perished in the
harbour by the explosion of the powder on board.
A single man, out of fifty nine who composed the
crew has alone been saved.

October 12.

Peace is made with the King of Naples. The
treaty was signed the day before yesterday. It re-
sembles not that concluded with the King of Sar-
dinia. The King of Naples is not to make any
cession of territory. He agrees only to allow cer-
tain commercial advantages; he excludes the English
from his ports until a peace, and promises reparati-
on for the outrages committed in 1792, against our
ambassador at Naples.

To this treaty was joined a message by which the
Directory ask for new funds in support of the war.
They announce some hopes of peace; that negoti-
ations with England will be opened; that the Ca-
binet of St. James mean to send an agent; but
that he is not yet arrived. They mention the ne-
cessity of shewing a resolution to carry on the war
with vigour, if the obstinacy of our enemies render
it necessary, in order to insure the acceptance of just
and reasonable conditions of peace.

At one o'clock this morning, the Military Com-
mission sentenced to death, Hugnet, Javoguer, Cuf-
fet, Babi, ex-conventionals; Gagnant, painter,
native of Paris; Bertran, ex-Mayor of Lyons;
Bonbon, a shoe-maker, native of Orleans; Pitoy,
joiner, native of Champlitte; Lafond, shoemaker,
native of Montbrison.

Several others were sentenced to imprisonment for
different periods, and some liberated.

Prince Henry of Prussia has published and dedi-
cated to the French Republic a posthumous work
for Diderot. He has been received a member of
our national institute.

OFFICIAL NEWS.

ARMY OF THE SAMBRE AND MEUSE.
Letter from Jourdan, General in chief, to the army
of the Sambre and Meuse, dated Deutz, third
Vendemaire (Sept. 25.)

Infirmities, caused by the multiplied fatigues of
the war, have obliged me to solicit my retreat.—
Accustomed to regard you as my children, you may
judge of the regret which I feel in separating from
you. You have been night and day the object of
my solitudes. Though absent, you will still be
so. My soul, my heart will follow you every where.
One thing alone alleviates my sorrow on quitting
you; it is that I leave you in the hands of an ex-
perienced officer, whose virtues and whose talents
prefigure the most happy success. General Bournon-
ville takes the provisional command of the army, se-
conded by the brave Generals by whom you have
been so often conducted to victory. I shall learn
with infinite pleasure, in my retreat, your glorious
exploits. Preserve your esteem and friendship for
me; I trust I merit them both; and pity me that
I am obliged to be separated from you.

JOURDAN.

Extract of a letter from General Bournonville, com-
mander in Chief of the army of the Sambre and
Meuse.

Head-Quarters, Mulheim, 8 Ven-
demaire, (Sept. 30.)

The division (lately Marceau's) provisionally com-
manded by the general of brigade Hardy, was at-
tacked the day before yesterday by three columns
of the enemy. One of the columns passed the
Seltz at Sickingen-Lech, and posted itself on the
Plateau of Wurstatt; the second posted itself on
Niederhulm, and the third on Oberender. The en-
emy has been repulsed every where. One squa-

dron of the 2d regiment of hussars, the 11th re-
giment of chasseurs, and the 6th of cavalry, dis-
guised themselves on the right by four charges,
which forced the enemy to repuls the Seltz. They
have lost many men, and we have made 60 prison-
ers in this attack. Capt. Vernet did wonders
with two pieces of light artillery against eight
pieces of the enemy, two of which he dismounted.—
The 31st division of the Gendarmerie conducted
themselves well in the centre; and the 108th Gra-
nadiers, the 55th demi-brigades, and the 9th light
infantry did prodigies on the left. The enemy be-
ing harboured in the village of Nidder Jagelheim
we have been obliged to let fire to it to dislodge
them. The combat commenced at five o'clock in
the morning, and did not end till the same hour in
the evening. It was a warm one.

Yesterday evening about 5 o'clock the enemy
presented themselves to the grand guard of the di-
vision of General Lefebvre, and to the division of
Championnet, and a cannonade took place. The en-
emy had 1200 horse, two battalions and 6 pieces
of cannon. They had several wounded, 2 offi-
cers killed, and several prisoners. I suppose that
they have taken this measure in order to discover a
movement which I made at that moment.

BOURNONVILLE.

Head-Quarters at Buchon, the 10th
Vendemaire, (October 2.)
The general in chief of the army of the Rhine and
Moselle, to the executive directory.
Citizens directors,

You have no doubt received general Moulin's ac-
count of the attack of Kehl, and of the check
which the enemy received. I had sent some troops
of the army to him, but they arrived too late by
some days for that affair. I have not yet received
the details. Nearly all our couriers are intercept-
ed, either by the peasants or by the enemy's posts.

General Scherbr, whom I ordered to retreat from
Bruchsal to Kehl at the approach of the enemy,
did it a little too late, as he found the enemy es-
tablished behind him in three or four places; but he
maneuvered with ability, and the bravery of the
68th demi-brigade and of the 19th regiment of dra-
goons, freed him from all obstacles. The passage
was opened by the point of the bayonet, and the
small body of troops arrived at its destination, with
all its equipage, its wounded, and more than one
hundred prisoners. This conduct merits the high-
est eulogies. Since this, I have learnt from the
affair of Kehl, that this 68th demi-brigade was a
principal means of preserving that important post.

I have received no news from either the army of
the Sambre and Meuse, or from Strasbourg. This
is extraordinary, though I hear by the German pa-
pers and private letters, that general Jourdan has
been forced to repuls the Lahn, and to retire be-
hind the Sieg.

At this moment, the enemy has made an attack
at the abbaye de Schausried; general Desaix is
at an equal distance between the Federsee and the
Danube. As my letter will not be sent till to-mor-
row, I shall give you the details.

Vendemaire 11th. After a brisk engage-
ment, the enemy has been repulsed at all points, with
great loss. We have made about 320 prisoners on
the left, amongst which are five officers. As the
enemy are not far from us, I shall attack them to-
morrow, and this is the more important, as I learn
that the corps of general Nauendorf, about 7 or
8000 men strong, marches on Kufingen.

Health and respect,

MOREAU.

Extract of a letter from citizen Hauffmann, com-
mander in chief of the army of the Rhine and
Moselle, to the executive directory.

Citizen directors,

I wrote you yesterday by the ordinary courier,
that of the army has arrived, and has brought me
two letters, dated from the head-quarters at Saul-
gen, the 12th and 13th. They announce, that the
Austrians had been completely beaten, on the 12th
and 13th, in the environs of Buchon. Two co-
lours, 6 cannon, 3000 prisoners, amongst whom
are fifty six officers, were already at head-quarters;
3000 other prisoners were expected in the course
of the day. I have thought my duty to make you
acquainted with this news by an extraordinary cour-
rier. The prisoners report, that the emperor has
no more forces in the interior of Austria, and that
he has sent to the army all the troops which he had
in reserve or in the garrisons.

HAUSSMANN.

ARMISTICE.

Concluded with his serene highness the elector palatine
of Bavaria.

The general in chief of the army of the Rhine
and Moselle, desiring to accede to the inten-
tions of his serene highness the elector palatine of
Bavaria, grants him, for the duchy of Bavaria,
the high palatinate, the county of Neubourg, the
part of palatinate of the Rhine, and the part of
the duchy of Berg, on the right bank of that river,
the bishopricks of Freising, of Ratibon (the city
not included) Passau, the provostship of Berchthold-
staden, the chapters of Ober and Nider Munder-
St. Emerand, and the county of Ortenbourg, a sus-
pension of arms.

And the following are the principal conditions.
1. The elector of Bavaria shall withdraw imme-
diately, from the collected armies, all the troops
which he is to furnish as his contingent. They shall
continue in arms, and he shall have the disposal
of his army as he shall judge fit, for the interior po-
lice of the country.

2. The French troops shall always have a free
passage through the country of the elector of Ba-
varia; those who, by the chance of war, may have
occasion to march through the above countries, shall
be quartered upon the inhabitants, or lodged in
barracks, according to circumstances, but without
giving to the landholders, or other proprietors, any
right to indemnity for the camps or other field es-
tablishments, which the military operations may re-
quire.

3. The general in chief will be particularly care-
ful, that persons and property shall be respected by
the troops, which the chance of war may force to
pass through the electorate of Bavaria. He will
be careful to avoid, as much as possible, in such
passes, the city of Munich, and other electorate re-
sidences.

4. The elector of Bavaria shall pay into the hands of the paymaster of the army of the Rhine and Moselle, ten millions of livres, in French or German specie, at French currency, or in bills of exchange, or in bullion.

5. The elector of Bavaria shall furnish 300 saddle horses, 600 cavalry horses, 900 dragoon horses, and 1500 artillery horses.

6. The elector of Bavaria shall furnish, within six weeks, 200,000 quintals of grain, two thirds of which shall be wheat, and one third rye; 100,000 quintals of oats; 200,000 quintals of hay; and he shall furnish besides 100,000 pairs of shoes, and 10,000 pairs of boots; or, otherwise, 30,000 ells of officer's cloth.

7. In case that the operations of the war shall remove the army from Bavaria, and that the contributions in kind shall be deemed unnecessary, it shall be in the power of the French to demand a proportionable sum in specie.

8. It shall be permitted to such French artists as the government shall appoint, to choose out of the galleries of Munich and Desseldorf, twenty pictures, which shall be delivered to the French government accordingly.

9. His serene highness shall forthwith send to Paris, to the Directory, a plenipotentiary to negotiate a separate peace with the French republic.

Done at Plessenhausen, the 21st Fructidor.
(Signed) MOREAU, general in chief.
The baron de LEYDEN.
The count CHARLES d'ARCO, &c.

ARMY OF ITALY.

Extract of a letter from general Buonaparte, commander in chief of the army of Italy, to the executive directory.

Head quarters at Milan, the 10th

Vendemiaire (Oct. 1) 5th year.

After the battle of St. George we tried to draw Wurmser into a second engagement, in order to weaken his garrison by frequent engagements outside of the walls; we therefore took good care not to occupy the Scraglio, in hopes that he would draw up on the same. We continued only to occupy the bridge of Governolo in order to facilitate the passage of the Mincio.

On the 4th supplementary day the enemy went with 1,500 men, cavalry, to Cartelacio. Our pickets fell back as they had been ordered. The enemy went no farther: the 2d Vendemiaire they marched towards Governolo, following the right bank of the Mincio; after a very lively cannonade, and several charges by our infantry, they were routed, and had eleven hundred taken prisoners, five cannon with caissons completely fixed.

General Kilmaine, to whom I had given the command of the two divisions which besiege Mantua, remained in the same position until the 8th, hoping that the enemy, from a desire to obtain forage, would attempt a sally; but the enemy had encamped at the Chartreuse before the gate of Pradella and at the Chapel before the gate of Crenell. General Kilmaine made his dispositions, and attacked the two camps in different points, which the enemy evacuated at his approach, after a slight fire of musquetry of the rear guard.

The out posts of general Vaubois have encountered the Austrian division which is to defend Tyrol, and has taken 110 prisoners of the enemy.

BUONAPARTE.

Translated for the Aurora.

PARIS, October 14.

Can it be true that the executive directory should have resolved to address the following question to the envoy of Great Britain: "Will England easily and immediately treat for a separate peace with us?" And that, if the question is answered in the negative, it will be notified to the envoy, that the negotiation is at an end.

Report says, that the resolution exists. We think it our duty to conjure our readers, not to place any confidence in such reports. Indeed, would such a resolution not amount to the same thing as a second declaration of war.

ARMY OF ITALY.

Extract of a letter from general Angereau, of the second complementary day, Sept. 18.

All the Austrians who at this moment combat in Italy, are shut up in Mantua, with Wurmser their general. How he will subsist there I know not, with 20,000 men, 4000 of whom are cavalry. Our loss has been far from considerable in the late battles.

Our army blocks up Mantua. Gen. Vaubois is advanced beyond Trent, to keep in check the enemy who may remain in the German part of Tyrol, and to secure the communication which is to be effected with this army and that of Moreau. Reinforcements are daily arriving, which will enable us to send a column to Trieste and even against Rome and Naples, if necessary, since the sovereigns of the two latter countries are of bad faith. (La Sentinelle.)

BRUSSELS, October 7.

Whilst the Austrians were attacking the tete-de-pont of Neuwid, the archduke Charles at the head of 15,000 men, endeavoured by force d'armes, to gain the rear of Moreau's army, in order to concert with the generals Latour, Nauendorff and Petrasch, new plans of a attack against the army of the Rhine and Moselle. He sent a corps of 10,000 men, united with the garrison of Mentz, towards the Hundsruck. The remainder of his army, consisting of 20,000 men, is encamped at Ukerath, & several squadrons of cavalry, supported by infantry, hover about in the vicinity of the Sieg, where all is quiet at present. When the archduke set off, he gave the command of the army of the Lower Rhine to general Werneck.

Order and discipline begin to revive in the army of the Sambre and Meuse. Confidence is restored among the troops; and we believe that the army of the Sambre and Meuse, reinforced by the 7th division of the army of the North, consisting of 15,000 men, will soon act offensively and with success.

However, desertion has not entirely ceased yet, and many of the fugitives who endeavour to reach the interior of the republic, continue to pass by

Luxembourg and the Ardennes. General Bonaparte has issued severe orders to arrest and conduct them to their respective regiments.

Precise orders have been given in this city, to stop and visit all the coaches and equipages coming from the army of the Sambre and Meuse. It is known that some honorable commissaries endeavour to lend home the fruits of their robberies and pillage.—Considerable sums in specie, flowing from that source, have already been seized.

PLYMOUTH, September 25.

This day, during divine service at Charles's church of which the Rev. Dr. Hawker is Vicar, Capt. I. Pelew, and the small remnant of his gallant crew, returned thanks to Almighty God for their miraculous escape from the jaws of death, on the blowing up of his Majesty's ship Amphion, in Hamoaze, on Thursday last. The congregation, which was very numerous, was visibly affected on this solemn occasion, and a suitable sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Hawker.

Mrs. Spry, of Dock, has lost on board the Amphion, her husband, brother, and her only son—her feelings on this melancholy event can scarcely be imagined.

A list of men saved from the Amphion, transmitted by admiral Sir Richard King, commander in chief of his majesty's ships and vessels at Plymouth, to Mr. Nepean.

Captain Israel Pelew.
Lieutenant James Muir.
Mr. James Hang, armourer.
Mr. Henry Haywood, master's mate, not hurt.
Mr. Henry Montandon, boatwain.

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 24, 1796.

** In the Drawings of Washington Lottery, No. II. published yesterday, for 2150 a prize of 10 dollars, read a prize of 100 dollars.

The foreign articles from Paris papers in this day's Gazette are chiefly copied from the American Daily Advertiser.

In the Aurora of this morning there are the following variations from these translations—

Moreau's letter Mr. Bache has dated October 1st and 2d—we have seen the Paris paper which contains the article; it is therein dated Vendemiaire 10th and 11th, answering to October 2d and 3d. The Aurora makes Moreau say, that he had taken EIGHT HUNDRED PRISONERS AND THIRTY-FIVE OFFICERS. Mr. Claypoole's paper says 300 prisoners, and FIVE officers—this agrees with the French paper.

General ERNOUFF AND HIS SON, are arrested at Brussels.

If the heroic exploits and victorious career of the Archduke will probably end in the destruction of the victorious army, then the army over which the Archduke has been victorious, becomes itself the victorious army, and is placed in the same situation with the army of the Archduke; ergo, they, the French, according to this doctrine of the Aurora, must themselves, when they shall become victorious, be also annihilated in their turn. Thus will they all be annihilated together!

BALTIMORE, November 21.

On Saturday evening last, the entertainments of the New Theatre closed for the season, with the RACE, the POOR SOLDIER, and other exhibitions. Between the play and farce, Mr. Wigwell appeared, and addressed a crowded audience to the following effect:

Ladies and Gentlemen,

The company's performance for this season closes this night, with the exhibitions. Custom has prescribed it as a rule to come forward, and return our warmest thanks for the encouragement with which you have honored us—this I do sincerely, on my own part, the part of Mr. Reinagle, my colleague, and the company in general. We propose meeting you early in the spring, with a considerable reinforcement to our present company, at which time, we hope again to be honoured with your patronage. In the mean time, permit me to assure you, of our sincerest wishes for your individual health and happiness, and the general prosperity of the town of Baltimore.

GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, November 24.

ARRIVED.

Ship	Days
Ship Arethusa, M Kown, New Castle on Tyne	44
Barque Eagle, Bates, Madeira	44
Brig Mercury, Rockwell, Malaga & Gibraltar	70
Mary, William, Jamaica	50
Betty, Menninger, Jamaica	35
Snow Bolton, Kirkpatrick, Fayal	20
Schr. Phoenix, Hill, Virginia	5
Betty & Nancy, Yellowby, N. Carolina	8
Hiram, White, Ditto	5
Sea Flower, Bais, Ditto	7
Sloop Polly, Butler, Norfolk	5

CLEARED.

Ship	Days
Brig Maria, Latimer, St. Thomas	18
Sloop Hope, Gladding, R. Island	18
Favorite, Sage, Newbern	18
Capt. Morton sailed from Havre de Grace on the 18th October, in company with ship Caroline, of Portsmouth, (N. H.) for Boston. The schooner General Greene, and brig —, are arrived at C. Francois from this port. Ship Hope, Bainbridge, from Philadelphia to Bordeaux, was spoke on the Banks of N. F. L. 29 days out, all well.	

For the Gazette of the United States.

No. VIII.

To the Electors of the President of the United States.

Respectable Fellow Citizens,

COLLATERAL circumstances are often powerful corroboratives of direct evidence. It is therefore of consequence to state, that an accident has recently brought under view a passage in one of the papers written with every apparent exertion against Mr. Jefferson in 1792, just before the last election of a President, when it was uncertain whether ge-

neral Washington would serve again. The writer, though an explicit and industrious opponent of Mr. Jefferson, admits, that Mr. Adams entertains what he ingeniously calls "speculative doubts concerning the probable success of the republican theory." Prudently, politicians soon aim to execute their mental speculations. The paper referred to was the first of a series of essays, published under the signature of Catullus, in the Gazette of the United States. Who was the writer of Catullus does not appear, but it is perfectly certain that the letters of Phocion (since published in a pamphlet October 1796 without that signature) contain entire passages of the essays of Catullus, without the usual inverted commas [" "] or any other marks of quotation. The presumption that Phocion and Catullus are the same person or persons appears to be perfectly fair and irrefragable. There is no essential difference between the entire contents of Catullus and an equal quantity of the essays of Phocion. Matters subsequent to the publications of Catullus are found, it is true, in Phocion and in the pamphlet made up of what was first given in the gazettes under that signature. They contradict each other only as to Mr. Adams. Catullus admits that Mr. Adams may doubt the probable success of the republican theory. Phocion and the pamphlet declare a little about Mr. Adams's republicanism, and quote a few passages, which only tend to render his books something less imprudent—but so far as they go, also render it absolutely and palpably inconsistent. But the essays of Phocion and the revised pamphlet copy of part of his essays do not explain away any of the hereditary passages of Mr. Adams's books, nor do they answer the objections, which have been respectfully submitted to you. Phocion, whoever he may be, is a man of pretty ready talents; and he does not want zeal, time or industry; for he has already published twenty-four long essays. Whether he cannot satisfactorily explain Mr. Adams and counterveil the evidences of the monarchical and aristocratical principles of that gentleman, or whether he is unwilling to do so from a similarity of principles, or from some other views, are questions before the electors and the world.

Another collateral circumstance worthy of serious reflection, is drawn from some ideas, which are understood to have been published in Boston in certain essays under the signature of Publicola, and which have been ascribed to Mr. John Adams, jun. They were written as a partial reply to "Paine's Rights of Man," in 1791; and have been since republished in London with the following title and motto in 1793. They were evidently considered in England as calculated to defend the British constitution, as it then stood, from any material changes or alterations. The title is as follows: "Answer to Paine's Rights of Man, by John Adams, Esquire, originally printed in America." Motto. "It is not a mechanical horror against the name of a king or of aristocracy, nor a physical antipathy to the sound of an extravagant title, or to the sight of an innocent ribband, that can authorize a people to lay violent hands upon the constitution." This book was read by the council for the king in Mr. Paine's trial. If the essays of Publicola had been first published in England, it would not so much have convinced the people of America, because the clearly implied defense of the English constitution would not have been placed under their consideration as either a matter interesting to them, or as a treatise tending to impair their attachment to the provisions of their own national constitution several passages and particularly by holding up the opinion that any existing political evils in England could not be correctly attributed to their form of government, though totally opposite in its cardinal principle, to ours.

"The principal and most dangerous abuses in the English government" (says our author, distinguishing it from their constitution, p. 18) "arise from the defects inherent in the constitution, than from the state of society; the universal venality and corruption, which pervades all classes of men in that kingdom, and which a change of government could not reform." It is not admitted by the writer, that there are any defects inherent in the constitution, though hereditary; nor is it at all objected to, though all the powers and virtues of the English constitution, with a Christian hierarchy to aid them, have not been efficacious to keep universal venality and corruption from pervading all classes of men in that kingdom. Though the interior affairs of Great Britain are represented by our author as thus universally sordid and vitiated, yet we find he entertains a caveat against ascribing these evils to the constitution. The hope, then, that "chance" or "providential" governors or rulers would have us from corruption and fraud, must after all be abandoned. It would have been instructive, perhaps, if we had been informed how these things creep into so well balanced and stupendous a government. We cannot but expect, that our American divisions and balances of powers will work much better. Let us guard against fluctuations towards hereditary power and all its expected evils—Let us extend the sphere of national legislation—Let us not exhibit the political solemnity of giving powerful seconds to our chief magistrate, who derive an independent authority from other sources, than the national will, and who are not amenable to a national tribunal—Let us borrow at least this one useful hint from our Executive power, who do not so order things that the executive power of fifteen or sixteen departments be held from the inhabitants of such a grand division, with little or no amenability to the nation or to the national tribunals. In short, let us rather study to eradicate the seeds of idleness, of fluctuation, and of evil from our inestimable federal representative government, and let us labor to invigorate this truly republican constitution, rather than to devote ourselves to a love for a foreign constitution, which is not, what it professes to be, or for a theory of orders and ranks, which has never yet been realized. Modern Britain, as we have seen, is governed in fact by little more than a two-hundredth part of her adult males. Of course no real or even virtual representation of the people is combined with the king and nobles.

[The remainder of this Number To-Morrow.]

* See Gunsey's trial of Paine, p. 136, Dublin edition.

Mr. Adams.
YOU are requested to publish the following Extract of two letters from Mr. JOHN ADAMS, (now Vice-President of the United States) dated

Philadelphia, July 3, 1776.

"Yesterday was decided the greatest question which was ever debated in America: and a greater perhaps never was, or will be decided amongst men. A resolution was passed, without one dissenting colony, that 'THESE UNITED COLONIES ARE, AND OF RIGHT OUGHT TO BE, FREE AND INDEPENDENT STATES.'"

"The day is passed.—The second day of July, 1776, will be a memorable epocha in the history of America. I am apt to believe it will be celebrated by succeeding generations, as the great anniversary festival. It ought to be commemorated as a day of deliverance, by solemn acts of devotion to almighty God. It ought to be solemnized with pomp, shows, games, sports, guns, bells, bonfires and illuminations from one end of this continent to the other, from this time forward forever. You will think me transported with enthusiasm; but I am not. I am well aware of the toil and blood, and treasure that it will cost us to maintain this declaration, and support and defend these states; yet, through all the gloom, I can see that the end is worth more than all the means; and that posterity will triumph, although you and I may rue, which I hope we shall not.

I am &c.
JOHN ADAMS."

For Sale by JOHN J. PARRY,
No. 38, S. Second near Chestnut Street,
A few excellent GOLD WATCHES,
From Forty to One Hundred Dollars,
And SILVER WATCHES,
Of various prices—all warranted.

An assortment of Chains, Seals, Keys, and Trinkets, Eight Day Clocks supplied, and Clocks & Watches repaired with dispatch and great care.
Best Watch Glasses by the groce.
November 12. tufesaw

To the Public.

BY a publication in several newspapers, signed Peter Helbron, pastor of the Holy Trinity Church, we the subscribers, and lawful Trustees of the German religious society of Roman Catholics of the Holy Trinity Church in the city of Philadelphia, take this method of informing the public in general, that the Rev. Peter Helbron, alias Pastor, was dismissed and discharged for certain reasons, on the 15th of October last, from all future Pastoral services and functions in said Church, and on the 17th instant he was paid in full for his salary, and of all demands whatsoever, according to his receipt; and we do hereby declare, that on the 16th of this month the Reverend John N. Goetz was unanimously elected the Pastor, pro tempore, of the said Church and Congregation, he having therefore the best authority of styling himself as Pastor of the German Religious society of Roman Catholics of the Holy Trinity Church in the city of Philadelphia, and nobody else whatsoever has any claim or claims. Given under our hands, and the seal of the corporation, Philadelphia, November 24d, 1796.

Adam Premir,
Michael Shindler,
George Gintner,
Anthony Hooky,
George Lachler, jr.
Charles Baffian,
Charles Bouman,
James Oellers,
Secretaries.

Just Arrived,

In the brigs Twins and Rambler, a quantity of
Choice St. Croix SUGAR and RUM,
and about
150,000 Weight of Fine Green COFFEE.

For Sale by James Yard.

November 24.

The MEMBERS

Of St. Andrews Society,

Are requested to attend their anniversary meeting at Oellers's Hotel, on Wednesday next the 30th inst. Dinner to be on the table at 2 o'clock. The members will please apply for tickets of admission to either of the following gentlemen, viz. Messrs. Thomas Leiper, Gaven Hamilton, jun. Dr. Andrew Spence, Robert Henderson, James Henderson, William H. Tod, or John Shields. The officers of the Society will please give their attendance at one o'clock.

By order of the Society,
RICHARD LAKE, Sec'y.

November 24, 1796.

Lottery and Broker's Office,

No. 64, South SECOND STREET.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, for sale—a Check Book for examination—and prizes paid in the late lottery.

Check Books kept for examination and raffle, for the City of Washington, No. 2, and Patten Lotteries, both of which are now drawing—information where tickets are to be had, and prizes exchanged for undrawn tickets. A complete list of all the prizes in the late New-Port Long-Wharf, Hotel and Public School Lottery, for examination.

The subscriber solicits the application of the public and his friends, who wish to purchase or sell Bank Stock, Certificates, Bills of Exchange or Notes, Houses, Lands, &c. or to obtain money on deposit of property.

Also Tickets in the Schuylkill Bridge Lottery for sale at Ten Dollars each, which will be drawn early in the Spring.

Wm. Blackburn.

Philadelphia, August 18, 1796.

FOR SALE,

A very Valuable Estate,

CALLED TWITTENHAM, situate in the township of Upper Derby, and county of Delaware, 7 1/2 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the new Western road: containing 230 acres of excellent land, 45 of which are good watered meadow, 90 of prime woodland, and the rest arable of the first quality. There are on the premises a good two story brick house, with 4 rooms on a floor, and cellars under the whole, with a pump-well of excellent water in front; a large frame barn, stable, and other convenient buildings; a smoke-house and stone, spring-house; two good apple orchards, and one of peaches. The fields are all in clover, except those immediately under tillage, and are so laid out as to have the advantage of water in each of them, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing.

The situation is pleasant and healthy, and from the high cultivation of the land, the good neighbourhood, and the vicinity to the city, it is very suitable for a gentleman's country seat.

The foregoing is part of the estate of Jacob Hartman, deceased, and offered for sale by

Mordecai Lewis,

Surviving Executor.

Oct. 31. 1796

WM. HOLDERNESSE, No. 76,
HIGH-STREET,
Has received by the late arrivals,
A Well Selected Assortment of
Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery, and
Haberdashery Goods,
Which he will sell, wholesale and retail, on the very
lowest terms;
Amongst which are
Some elegant 4-4 and 7-8 Chintzes and Cottons, new
patterns
Ditto Furniture ditto
Ditto Dimity
Tamboured, Book, and Jaconet Mullins
Ditto in Gold and Silver
Ditto Neckcloths, very fine
Mantua of the first quality
Silk and Cotton Hosiery
Umbrellas of the first quality, assorted
Irish Linens, very fine, and Table Linens
Marcellines and Cotton Counterpanes
Rice Blankets assorted—&c. &c.
October 26.

A Manufactory FOR SALE.
A Valuable SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, situated
in a convenient part of the city; the works almost new,
on an entirely original construction, and built of the best
materials, and may be set to work immediately. Persons
who wish to purchase, are requested to apply at No. 273,
South Second Street.
September 13. t f f

To be Sold,
The Time of a smart, active Negro Lad,
Who has Eleven years to serve.
Enquire at No. 58, South Front Street.
October 18.

The Elephant
IS RETURNED FROM BALTIMORE.
THE public are respectfully informed, that
this animal is to be seen every day, from 8
o'clock in the morning till sun down, in Market-
street, No. 106, south side, between Third and
Fourth Streets.
Admittance a quarter of a dollar, that every ci-
tizen may see him.
At the request of many persons it will be
exhibited on evenings from five to eight o'clock,
at half a dollar each.—The room will be well
lighted.
November 7. d

City of Washington.
SCHEME of the LOTTERY, No. II,
FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE
FEDERAL CITY.
A magnificent 20,000 dollars, &
dwelling-house, & cash 30,000, are
1 ditto 15,000 & cash 25,000 40,000
1 ditto 15,000 & cash 15,000 30,000
1 ditto 10,000 & cash 10,000 20,000
1 ditto 5,000 & cash 5,000 10,000
1 ditto 5,000 & cash 5,000 10,000
1 cash prize of 10,000
2 do. 5,000 each, are 10,000
70 do. 1,000 - 10,000
30 do. 500 - 10,000
100 do. 100 - 10,000
400 do. 50 - 10,000
1,000 do. 25 - 10,000
15,000 do. 10 - 150,000
16,739 Prizes.
33,261 Blanks.
30,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars, 400,000

No. B. To those who may take a quantity of
Tickets, the prize of 20,000 dollars will be the last drawn
ticket, and the 30,000 the last but one.
And approved notes, securing payment in either money
or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for
any number not less than 10 tickets.
This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the pri-
vate buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—
Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire
fronts on two of the public squares; and from these drawings
it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings,
as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey
them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in
the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery.
A net deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray
the necessary expenses of printing, &c., and the surplus
will be made a part of the fund intended for the National
University, to be erected within the city of Washington.
The drawing will commence as soon as the tickets are
sold off.—The money prizes will be payable thirty days
after it is finished; and any prizes for which fortunate
numbers are not produced within twelve months after the
drawing is closed, are to be considered as given towards
the fund for the University; it being determined to settle
the whole business in a year from the ending of the draw-
ing, and to take up the bonds given as security.
The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes,
are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank
of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the
amount of the lottery.
The twenty four gentlemen who by appointment of
the late Commissioners assisted in the management of the
Hotel Lottery are requested to undertake this arduous task
a second time on behalf of the public; a sufficient num-
ber of these having kindly accepted, it is hoped that the
friends to a National University and the other federal ob-
jects may continue to favor the design.
By accounts received from the different parts of the
Continent, as well as from Europe, where the tickets
have been sent for sale, the public are assured that the
drawing will speedily commence, and that the care and
caution unavoidably necessary to insure a safe disposal
of the tickets, has rendered the time suspension indispensable.
SAMUEL BLODGET.
Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of
James West & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston;
of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells
Cooper's Ferry.

Davis's Law Book Store,
No. 313, HIGH-STREET.
GEORGE DAVIS announces to his professional friends,
and the Gentlemen of the Law generally thro' the
Union, that his late importation of BOOKS is now arranged,
and ready for sale, from a single volume to an entire li-
brary, without any advance upon his former exceedingly low
prices, which for several years past have been so distinguished a
feature recommended to notice.
Printed Catalogues combining the most extensive collection
of the latest English and Irish Editions ever imported
into this country, are published, and will be delivered gratis
on application.
Orders addressed to G. D. in writing from any distance
shall be punctually attended to.
A number of RUNKS for Sale.
ALSO, TO BE LET,
A convenient LOFT, near Market Street Wharf.
Nov. 6. t f f

A few Pipes of WINE,
Imported in the brig FAME, from Madeira, to be sold
by MORDECAI LEWIS,
Who has also to dispose of on reasonable terms,
IRISH LINENS, well assorted
BANDANNA HANDKERCHIEFS
WIDE NANKES
COSSAS AND BAFTAS
RAVENS DUCK
DIAPERS
QUICK SILVER
CHINA
ROLL BRIMSTONE, &c.
Ober 27. tawfm

Twenty Guineas Reward.
RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 23d October,
a Dark MULATTO BOY, named MOSES; 21 years
old; about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on a mixed green
coat, with a green velvet cape and oval yellow buttons;
a striped vest; a pair of dark spotted pantaloons, and
whole boots much worn. It is probable he may change
his name and dress. He has been accustomed to driving
a carriage, and waiting. The above reward will be
paid for securing him so that the subscriber may get him
again, and if brought home all reasonable charges paid by
Robins Chamberlaine.
Essex, Maryland, Nov. 10. 14 57maawf

By Authority.
Schuylkill Bridge Lottery.
Sold by WILLIAM BLACKBURN, No. 64,
South Second Street.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
For raising Sixty Thousand Dollars, agreeably to an Act
of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, passed during the last
session, for building a Stone Bridge over the River
Schuylkill, at the Borough of Reading, in the County of
Berks.
1 Prize of 20,000 Dollars 20,000
1 do. of 10,000 do. 10,000
3 do. of 5,000 do. 15,000
3 do. of 2,000 do. 6,000
80 do. of 1,000 do. 80,000
30 do. of 500 do. 15,000
80 do. of 200 do. 16,000
200 do. of 100 do. 20,000
300 do. of 50 do. 15,000
1 do. of 500 do. to be paid the possessor
for the first drawn no. 500
5 do. of 3,000 do. to be paid possessor
of the five last drawn nos 15,000
9,400 do. of 15 do. 141,000
10,054 Prizes
10,046 Blanks
30,000 Tickets at Ten Dollars 300,000

All Prizes shall be paid fifteen days after the drawing is
finished, upon the demand of a possessor of a fortunate
ticket, subject to a deduction of twenty per cent. The
Drawing will commence as soon as the Tickets are disposed
of, or perhaps sooner, of which public notice will be given.
Philip Miller, Peter Kerjner, William Wiman,
Joseph Hiesler, James Diemer, Thomas Dandau,
James May, John Otto, John Kim, Daniel Craig,
Sebastian Miller, COMMISSIONERS.
Reading, May the 9th, 1796.

Tickets in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, to be had at the
above office, where the earliest information of the draw-
ing of the Washington No. 1, and Paterson Lotteries,
are received, and check books for examination and regis-
tering are kept.
October 7. tawf

DANCING SCHOOL.
WILLIAM M'DOUGALL will open his school on Mon-
day the 31st inst. at ten o'clock in the morning, at his
Elegant New Ball Rooms,
In Fourth, between Chestnut and Walnut Streets.
Hours of tuition for young ladies, from 10 to 1 o'clock
on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Friday mornings; and for
young gentlemen from 6 to 9 o'clock on the evenings of
the same days.
In addition to a number of new cotillions, he means to
introduce a variety of Scotch Reels.
Note. The first practising ball to be on Tuesday eve-
ning, the first of November, and to be continued every
Tuesday, during the season.
For terms, &c, enquire at his house, No. 134, Market-
Street.
Oct. 17. thf

SWANN'S,
Riding School, Horse Academy & Infirmary.
Adjoining the Public Square, Market Street.
T. SWANN
RETURNS his sincere thanks to those gentlemen by whom
he has been employed, during his residence in this City, and
thru' himself the success of his efforts, in the numerous,
difficult and dangerous diseases in Horses, in which he has
been consulted, together with his moderate charges, will se-
cure their future favors and recommendation.
He now begs leave to inform them and the public at large
that his spacious and commodious premises, erected for
the purposes above described are open for the reception of pupils
of either sex, who wish to be instructed in the Art of Riding,
and the right method of governing their horses, to ride
them with ease, elegance, and safety—their horses will be
carefully and expeditiously broke, for every purpose, and
most obedient to the will of the riders; the natural powers
which are shut up to them, will be unfolded by art, calling
forth uniformity of motion, and giving to that noble animal
all those beautiful actions which Providence has so boun-
tifully bestowed on them.
Also, at his hospital, every disorder to which the horse is
liable will be treated according to the rules of art, confirmed
by long and repeated experience.
The utility of the above institution has never been question-
ed, that it has long been wanted in this city, every gentleman's
stud will manifestly, and T. Swann as the first establishment
of the veterinary art, solicits and relies upon the support of the
public (which he is ever anxious to serve) to enable him to
bring it to perfection. The idea of a subscription for that
purpose has been hinted by several gentlemen, who wish to
promote the institution—the amount of each subscription to
be returned by services in any of the departments he professes,
agreeable to the rate of charges stated in his hand bill. Such
subscriptions are now open, and the signatures of many respect-
able gentlemen already obtained. He therefore informs his
friends and such Ladies and gentlemen, to whom he has not
the honor of being known, that he shall in a few days take
the liberty of waiting upon them and soliciting their support
and protection.
N. B. Horses are properly prepared for those Ladies and
Gentlemen who wish to be instructed.
Nov. 5. thf

Philadelphia, 6th November, 1796.
ALL persons desirous to contract to furnish for the Ar-
my of the United States, the following articles, or any por-
tion of them, are requested to send in their proposals sealed
on or before the 15th December next to
Tench Francis, Purveyor.
851 Pair of leather breeches,
1021 Pair of boots,
1041 Artillery hats,
1108 Infantry hats,
4600 Pair of shoes, No. 1.
8300 Pair of shoes, No. 2.
November 8. t f f

The patterns may be
viewed at Samuel Mod-
don's, Esq. public store
on the first wharf above
Arch-street.
Nov. 8. t f f

PATENT SHOT.
THE general consumption of Patent Shot having been
prevented by the high price it has hitherto been sold
at, the Proprietors take this method of informing the
Public that they may in future be supplied with that article
at the same prices as common Shot, by ordering their
Correspondence to apply to WALKERS, MASTER & Co.
London. NOV 9 wfm4w

FOR SALE,
About 1,600 acres of Land,
WELL situated, lying on and between Marsh
and Beech Creeks, Mifflin county, Pennsylvania, in
four separate Patents. For terms of sale apply to
Wm. Blackburn,
No. 64, South Second Street.
October 31. mwf

Robert Smith & Co.
No. 58, South Front Street,
Have received by the late arrivals from London, Liver-
pool, and Hull, and by the Ohio arrived at N. York
from Glasgow,
A large & general assortment of Goods,
Suitable for the Season, consisting of
Duffle, Point and Rose
Blankets
White, Red, and Yellow
Flannel
Bocking and other Baizes
Second and coarse Cloths
Plain and mixed Cambrics
Plain, twilled, and striped
Coatings
Plains, Kerseys, and Half-
thicks
White & spotted Swankins
Lainet and swankdown vest
shades
Carpets and Carpeting
Calimancoes and Durants
Moreens and Taborettes
Joans spinning and Crapes
Cambrics and Wildbore
Bombazines & Bombazets
Ratticots and Shalloons
Plain, Geneva, and printed
Velvets & Thickets
7-8, 4-4, and 11-8 Cotton
Tapes, Bindings, Pins, &c.
They have on hand a large
assortment of India Mullins
and Calicoes, black and coloured Perfumery, Bandanne
and Fullcat Handkerchiefs, &c. and a quantity of Nutmegs
and Mace.
October 17. mwf

RANAWAY,
About the 1st of October last, from the plantation of
Mr. Thomas F. Brooke, (in Prince George's county) to
whom he was hired, a NEGRO MAN, named CESAR;
33 years of age; about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; well
made; of a yellowish complexion; a little pockmarked;
has, when spoken to, rather a down look, and submissive
tone of voice: the clothes he had before he absconded
were of plain, such as labouring Negroes usually wear,
but these he may probably exchange for others: he will
doublets endeavour to pass for a freeman, having, as I
have been informed, assumed the name of Butler: I have
reason to believe that he went to Baltimore, from whence
he is said to have gone to some part of the Susquehanna,
probably with a view of getting to Pennsylvania. A
reward of Thirty Dollars will be given to the person who
may take him and so secure him in some jail that I may
get him again, if taken in this state, and Fifty dollars if
taken out of the state, and if brought home or secured in
the jail of Prince George's county all reasonable charges
will be paid by
ALEX. COVINGTON.
Maryland, Prince George's County,
2nd November, 1796. t f f

Treasury Department,
September 23, 1795.
NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be re-
ceived at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury
until the expiration of the first day of March next en-
suing, for the supply of all rations which may be required
for the use of the United States, from the first day of
June, 1797, to the thirty-first day of May, 1798, both
days inclusive, at the places and within the districts here-
after mentioned, viz. At Oswego; at Niagara; at
Piquette; at Sandusky Lake, and on Sandusky
River; at Detroit; at Michilimackinac; at Fort-Fran-
klin; at Pittsburgh; at Cincinnati; at Fort-Hamilton;
at Fort St. Clair; at Fort-Jefferson; at Greenville; at
Piquette Town and Laramie Store; at Fort Adams; at
Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort
Defiance on the Miami River to Lake Erie; at Fort
Steuben; at Fort Mastic; at any place from Fort Mastic
to the fourth boundary of the United States on the river
Mississippi; at Fort Knox; at Oustanoni.
If supplies shall be required for any posts or places not
mentioned in this notice, all such supplies shall be fur-
nished at prices proportioned to those to be paid at the
posts before recited, or as may be hereafter agreed on
between the United States and the Contractor.
The rations to be supplied are to consist of the fol-
lowing articles, viz.
One pound two ounces of bread or flour.
One pound two ounces of beef, or fourteen ounces of
pork or bacon.
Half a gill of rum, brandy or whiskey.
One quart and half a pint of ale.
Two quarts of Vinegar.
Two pounds of Soap.
One pound of Candles.
The rations are to be furnished in such quantities, as that
there shall at all times during the said term, be sufficient
for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, De-
troit, Niagara, and Oswego, for the term of six months in
advance, and at each of the other posts, for the term of
at least three months in advance, in good and wholesome
provisions, if the same shall be required. It is to be un-
derstood, that the Contractor is to be at the expense and
risk of storing the supplies to the troops at each post, and
that all losses sustained by the depredations of an enemy, or
by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid
for at the price of the articles captured or destroyed, on
the depredations of two or more persons of credible cha-
racters, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, af-
firming the circumstances of the loss, and the amount
of the articles for which compensation shall be claimed.
OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Loft Last Evening,
At Ricketts's Amphitheatre, (supposed to be taken by
some villain out of a gentleman's pocket)
A red Morocco-Leather POCKET-BOOK,
Containing about 185 dollars in bank notes; three notes
of hand of Ross and Simson, No. 304, 305 and 306, dated
12th 18th August, payable 60 days after date, to the
order of Paul Siemen, together for 5150 dollars; an order
of Mrs. Ann N. ascherlon, from Paul Siemen, on Lach-
lin Mac Neal, Esq. at Port-au-Prince, for 100 dollars; be-
sides several letters and papers of no use but to the proprie-
tor. The notes of hand and order are without endorse-
ment. EIGHTY DOLLARS REWARD is offered to
any person who will discover and secure the thief, and
FORTY DOLLARS for only bringing the above men-
tioned notes and papers at No. 129, corner of Front and
Mulberry Streets.
Oct. 11. d

An elegant Bay Horse for sale,
Enquire at George Green's Stables, in Pine-Street,
between Fourth and Fifth Streets.
Nov. 16. t f f

Paterson Lottery.
FOR raising six thousand five hundred and sixty-seven
dollars and fifty cents, by a deduction of fifteen per
cent from the prizes, and not two blanks to a prize, viz.
1 Prize of 5000 dollars is dollars 5000
1 1000 1000
1 500 500
5 200 1000
20 100 2000
99 50 4950
200 25 5000
2000 10 20,000
5 Last drawn numbers of 1000 dollars each, 5000
2332 Prizes. 44,459
4018 Blanks.

6350 Tickets at Seven Dollars each, 44,459
By order of the Directors of the Society for establish-
ing Useful Manufactures, the Superintendants of the Pa-
terson Lottery have requested the Managers to offer the
foregoing Scheme to the public, and have directed them
to refund the money to those persons who have purchased
in the former Lottery, or exchange the tickets for tickets
in this Lottery.
The lottery has actually commenced drawing, and will
continue until finished. A list of the Blanks and Prizes
may be seen at the office of William Blackburn, No. 64
South Second Street, who will give information where tick-
ets may be procured.
Dated this 17th day of June, 1796.

J. N. CUMMING,
JACOB R. HARDENBERG, Managers.
JONATHAN RHEA,
STATE OF THE WHEEL.
1 Prize of 5000 5000
1 1000 1000
1 500 500
5 200 1000
20 100 2000
99 50 4950
165 25 4125
The five last drawn tickets, 1000 each, 5000
Being all the valuable prizes, besides a full propo-
tion of the 10 dollars.
As the Lottery is considerably more than one third
drawn, the value of the undrawn tickets is great-
ly increased, and it is worth the notice of those
who hold tickets in the old scheme, that they can ex-
change their tickets for those in the above, if they ap-
ply soon, and at a moderate advance considering the
now real value of an undrawn ticket.
The tickets being nearly all sold, the drawing in
future will be officers, and the Lottery soon finished.
November 12. mws

Imported in the late arrivals,
And to be Sold by
JACOB PARKE,
No. 49, North side of High-Street, Philadelphia,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Ironmongery, Cutlery, Sadlery, &c.
AMONGST WHICH ARE
SMITHS' Anvils, Vices, and Files; Saw-mill, Crofs-
cut, Hand, and other Saws; Carpenters' Planes, Chisels,
and other Tools; Carving Chisels and Gouges; Locks,
Hinges, Bolts and Latches; Nails, Springs, Tacks, and
Screws; Frying-Pans; Smoothing-irons; Shovels and
Tongs; Coffee Mills; Candlesticks; Saucers; Warning-
Pans; Table Knives and Forks; Riding Whips; Bar-
low Pen, and other Pocket Knives; Razors; Scissors;
Needles; Ivory and Horn Combs; best Kirly Fish
Hooks; brass Cabinet Furniture; Waggon Boxes; Sheet
Barges; plated and un-plated Bells and Stirrups; 110
Sa die Nails; Girth and Straining Webs; with most
kinds of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Sadlery, Erags Warcs,
&c. &c.
October 24. mwf

Sales of India Goods.
The Cargo of the ship Ganges, capt. Tingey, from Cal-
cutta and Bengal,
CONSISTING OF
A Large and general assortment of Bengal and Madras
COTTON and SILK GOODS.
AMONG WHICH ARE
A variety fine worked and plain Mullins,
Dorcas, &c. Alls.
A Quantity of Excellent Sugar,
In boxes and bags—and BLACK PEPPER,
For Sale by
Willings & Francis,
No. 27 Penn Street.
June 8. t f f

WANTED,
As Cook, in a private family,
A YOUNG WOMAN who can produce good re-
commendations of an unexceptionable character. En-
quire of the Printer.
November 17. t f f

Washington Canal Lottery,
No. 1.
WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorized
the undersigned, to raise twenty-five thousand,
two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpose of cut-
ting a Canal through the City of Washington, from the Po-
tomac to the Eastern Branch Harbours.
The following is the SCHEME of No. 1.
Via 1 Prize of 20,000 dollars, 20,000
1 ditto 10,000 10,000
7 last drawn } 5,000 35,000
6 ditto 1,000 6,000
10 ditto 400 4,000
20 ditto 100 2,000
55 ditto 50 2,750
3750 ditto 12 69,008
To be raised for the Canal, 26,450
3850 Prizes, 275,008
11650 Blanks, not two to a prize.
17500 Tickets, at Ten Dollars, 175,000
The Commissioners have taken the Securities re-
quired by the aforesaid act for the punctual payment of
the prizes.
The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without
delay, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely
notice will be given.
Such prizes as are not demanded in six months after the
drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for
the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.
(Signed) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, of D.
LEWIS DERLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.
City of Washington, Feb. 21. t f f

PRINTED BY JOHN FENNO,
—No. 119—
CHESNUT-STREET.
(Price Eight Dollars per Annum.)